

PhD Preliminary Exam in Algebra and Topology

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Full credit can be obtained by complete answers to 5 questions, of which at least two must come from each section. The examination lasts four hours.

Algebra

- (1) Denote by $\mathbb{R}(x)$ the field of fractions of the ring $\mathbb{R}[x]$ of polynomials with real coefficients. Let S be the subring of $\mathbb{R}(x)$ consisting of those fractions whose denominators are relatively prime to $x^2 + 1$. That is,

$$S = \{p(x)/q(x) \in \mathbb{R}(x) \mid \gcd(q(x), x^2 + 1) = 1\}.$$

- (a) What are the units of S ?
(b) Identify the ideals of S .
(c) Is S a unique factorization domain? Explain.
(d) If \mathbb{R} is replaced by \mathbb{C} and the set of rational functions corresponding to S constructed, would it have a unique maximal ideal? Explain.
- (2) Let $K \supset F$ be fields such that K is a finite Galois extension of F and suppose that $\text{Gal}(K, F) = S_4$. How many proper intermediate fields are there between F and K ? Which of these intermediate fields are Galois extensions of F and what are their Galois groups?
- (3) Let $f(x) = x^5 - 2 \in \mathbb{Q}[x]$.
(a) Find a splitting field for f over \mathbb{Q} .
(b) Find the Galois group for f .
(c) Find all proper, nontrivial normal subgroups of this Galois group and the fields to which they correspond according to the fundamental theorem of Galois theory.
- (4) Let p be a prime number, q a power of p . Let $F \subset K$ be fields such that $|F| = p$ and $|K| = q$. Let f be an irreducible polynomial in $F[x]$. Prove that any two irreducible factors of f over the field K have the same degree.

Topology

- (1) Let X be the countable product of the real line equipped with the box topology.
(a) Is X Hausdorff?
(b) Is X connected?
(c) Does X have a countable dense set?
Justify your answer.
- (2) Let D^n be the n -dimensional ball and S^{n-1} the $(n-1)$ -dimensional sphere, which is the boundary of D^n . Prove that the following are equivalent.
(a) There is no retraction from D^n to S^{n-1} .
(b) Every continuous map from D^n to D^n has a fixed point.
- (3) Let G be a finitely generated abelian group. Find a finite dimensional path-connected topological space X with $\pi_1(X) = G$.

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- (4) Let \mathbf{RP}^2 be the real projective plane; let X be the one point union $S^1 \vee \mathbf{RP}^2$.
- (a) Compute $\pi_1(X)$.
 - (b) Find the universal covering space of X .